Breakout Session C: Strategic Partnership-Integrating Pharmacy Throughout Rural Arizona

Keith Boesen, Director, Arizona Poison & Drug Information Center Kelly Boesen, Clinical Pharmacist/Certified Diabetes Educator, Arizona Poison & Drug Information Center Matt Eckhoff, Director, Community Integrated Paramedicine, Rio Rico Medical & Fire Dist.



Friday, February 3, 2017

Breakout Sessions Sponsored By:



Strategic Partnership: Integrating Pharmacy Throughout Rural Arizona



Keith Boesen, PharmD, CSPI Kelly Boesen, PharmD, BCPS, CDE



History of US Poison Centers

• 1940's

- Large increase in types of medications
- First specialized "Toxicology Ward" in Budapest
- First Drug Information Center in Netherlands
- 1953 First U.S. Poison Center opens in Chicago, Il
- 1955 Second U.S. Poison Center opens in Tucson, Arizona
- 1978 661 U.S. Poison Centers (no regulation)
- 2015 55 U.S. Poison Centers



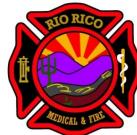


American Association of Poison Control Centers

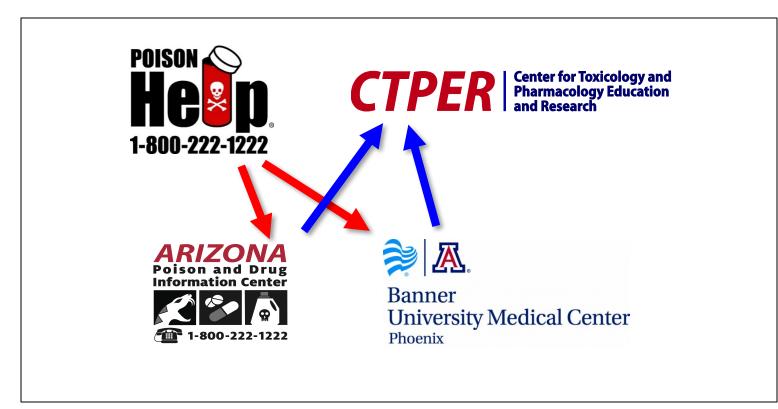
- 1958 AAPCC established to help regulate centers
- 1962 President Kennedy established a National Poison Prevention Week
 - 3rd week of March
- 2002 U.S. Federal Government did two things
 - Funded about \$28 million/year
 - Established a toll-free number







Who we are - LOGOS



ARIZO

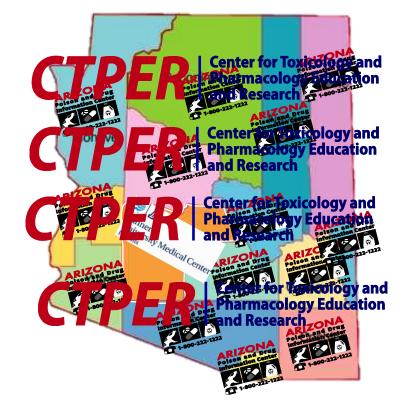
Poison and Drug Information Center

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1-800-222-1222

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Service Area









Toxicology History

• Paracelsus

"Poison is in everything, and no thing is without poison. The dosage makes it either a poison or a remedy."







Why call a poison center

- If the dose makes the poison and everything is a poison, the poison center gets called about EVERYTHING.
- Legos, Button Batteries
- Adverse Drug Reactions
- Suicide attempts
- Envenomations
- Tiger Bites



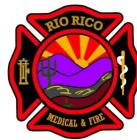
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Arizona Poison and Drug Information System (AzPDIS)

- >300,000 calls annually
 - 60/40 split of outgoing to incoming calls

• Staff

- 37 SPIs (Nurses and Pharmacists)
- 15 PIPs (medics and pharmacy students)
- Managing Directors
- Medical Directors
- Medical Toxicologists
- Educators
- Genetic Counselors



AzPDIS - Services

- Public Service
 - Free
 - 24/7
 - Confidential
- Healthcare Providers
 - Home management
 - Hospital management
 - Toxicology consult service
 - Toxicology inpatient service

- Research
 - Rattlesnake & Scorpion AV
 - Exposure Trends
 - Case reports/series
- Education
 - Medical, Pharmacy, Nursing
 - MD/PharmD Fellowships
 - Public





Cost Benefit

- Both poison centers manage 70% of cases at home
 90% of cases that start at home, stay home
- 70% of these would have gone to the ER
 - At \$1150 per ER visit
- Total savings over \$45 million/year
- Other cost benefits
 - Decrease length of stay by 1-3 days
 - Poison Prevention





Cost Benefit





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	United States	Arizona
Human Exposures	>2.1 million	>72,000
Exposures/1,000 residents	7.55	11.29
Savings to Population Served	\$1.82 Billion	>\$45 million
Savings per resident	\$5.77	>\$7.09

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NPDS

- National Poison Data System
- AAPCC and CDC joint venture
- ALL poison centers upload cases (average every 8 minutes)
- NPDS Goals
 - Identify injury patterns
 - Monitor product safety
 - Conduct post marketing surveillance
 - Detect chemical exposure events
 - Improve public health surveillance





- Poison and Drug Information Center
- Publish an annual report in Clinical Toxicology in December of the following year



2014 Annual Report of the American Association of Poison Control Centers' National Poison Data System (NPDS): 32nd Annual Report



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Year	No. of participating centers	Population served (in millions)	Human exposures	Exposures per thousand population
1983	16	43.1	251,012	5.8
1984	47	99.8	730,224	7.3
1985	56	113.6	900,513	7.9
1986	57	132.1	1,098,894	8.3
1987	63	137.5	1,166,940	8.5
1988	64	155.7	1,368,748	8.8
1989	70	182.4	1,581,540	8.7
1990	72	191.7	1,713,462	8.9
1991	73	200.7	1,837,939	9.2
1992	68	196.7	1,864,188	9.5
1993	64	181.3	1,751,476	9.7
1994	65	215.9	1,926,438	8.9
1995	67	218.5	2,023,089	9.3
1996	67	232.3	2,155,952	9.3
1997	66	250.1	2,192,088	8.8
1998	65	257.5	2,241,082	8.7
1999	64	260.9	2,201,156	8.4
2000	63	270.6	2,168,248	8.0
2001	64	281.3	2,267,979	8.1
2002	64	291.6	2,380,028	8.2
2003	64	294.7	2,395,582	8.1
2004	62	293.7	2,438,643	8.3
2005	61	296.4	2,424,180	8.2
2006	61	299.4	2,403,539	8.0
2007	61	305.6	2,482,041	8.1
2008	61	308.5 ^b	2,491,049	8.1
2009	60	310.9 ^b	2,479,355	8.0
2010	60^{a}	313.3 ^b	2,384,825	7.6
2011	57 ^c	315.7 ^b	2,334,004	7.4
2012	57	318.0	2,275,141	1.2
2013	57 ^d	320.2 ^e	2,188,013	6.8
2014	56 ^d	322.9 ^f	2,165,142	6.7
Total			62.282.510	

2012	57	318.0 ^b	2,275,141	7.2
2013	57 ^d	320.2 ^e	2,188,013	6.8
2014	56 ^d	322.9 ^f	2,165,142	6.7
Total			62,282,510	

- 2.1 million exposures
- 663k information calls
- 2.7 million incoming calls



Poison and Drug Information Center

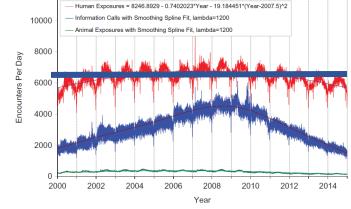
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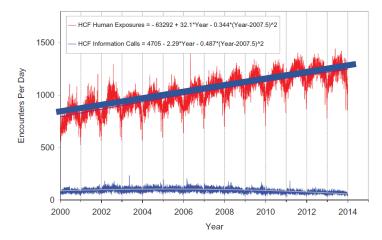
Exposures Calls Information Calls

HCF Exposure Calls HCF Information Calls



Both linear and second order (quadratic) terms were statistically significant for least-squares second order regressions of Human Exposures (RSqr = 0.377). Smoothing spline fit with lambda=1200 was used for Information Calls (RSqr = 0.768) and Animal Exposures (RSqr = 0.882).

Figure 1. Human Exposure Cases, Information Calls and Animal Exposure Cases by Day since 1 January 2000.



Regression lines show least-squares second order regressions for HCF Exposure (RSqr = 0.692) and HCF Information Calls (RSqr = 0.281). All terms shown were statistically significant for each of the 2 regressions.

Figure 3. Health Care Facility (HCF) Exposure Cases and HCF Information Calls by Day since 1 January 2000.

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Table 17A. Substance	Categories Most Frequence	uently Involved in Human	Exposures (Top 25).
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Substance (Major Generic Category)	All substances	% ^a	
Analgesics	291,062	11.29	
Cosmetics/Personal Care Products	199,291	7.73	
Cleaning Substances (Household)	198,018	7.68	
Sedative/Hypnotics/Antipsychotics	150,715	5.85	
Antidepressants	112,412	4.36	
Antihistamines	103,327	4.01	
Cardiovascular Drugs	102,170	3.96	
Foreign Bodies/Toys/Miscellaneous	99,835	3.87	
Pesticides	83,005	3.22	
Topical Preparations	82,819	3.21	
Alcohols	68,648	2.66	
Vitamins	66,058	2.56	
Cold and Cough Preparations	61,288	2.38	
Stimulants and Street Drugs	59,869	2.32	
Anticonvulsants	56,832	2.20	
Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	56,775	2.20	
Antimicrobials	56,726	2.20	
Bites and Envenomations	55,017	2.13	
Gastrointestinal Preparations	48,501	1.88	
Plants	44,731	1.74	
Dietary Supplements/Herbals/Homeopathic	42,535	1.65	
Chemicals	38,975	1.51	
Fumes/Gases/Vapors	33,944	1.32	
Other/Unknown Nondrug Substances	32,001	1.24	
Hydrocarbons	31,903	1.24	

^aPercentages are based on the total number of substances reported in all exposures (N = 2,57 ^bPercentages are based on the total number of single substance exposures (N = 1,925,657)

1.Analgesics2.Cosmetics3.Cleaning Products4.Sedative/Hypnotics5.Antidepressants

18. Bites and Stings





COMMUNITY INTEGRATED PARAMEDICINE









MORE INFORMATION, CALL 520.761.0104







WITH GRANT SUPPORT FROM THE HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FEDERAL OFFICE OF RURAL HEALTH POLICY (GRANT #D04RH28429)

Why Rx Partnership?

- Not just about Santa Cruz County
 - We all see:
 - The basket of medications
 - Gaps in healthcare communication
 - Various medical providers
 - Current and future opportunities for partnership
 - Considering Health Information Exchange







SANTA CRUZ COUNTY AT A GLANCE



ARIZONA Poison and Drug Information Center

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Apache

C

Graham

Cochise

Navajo

Gila

Santa Cruz

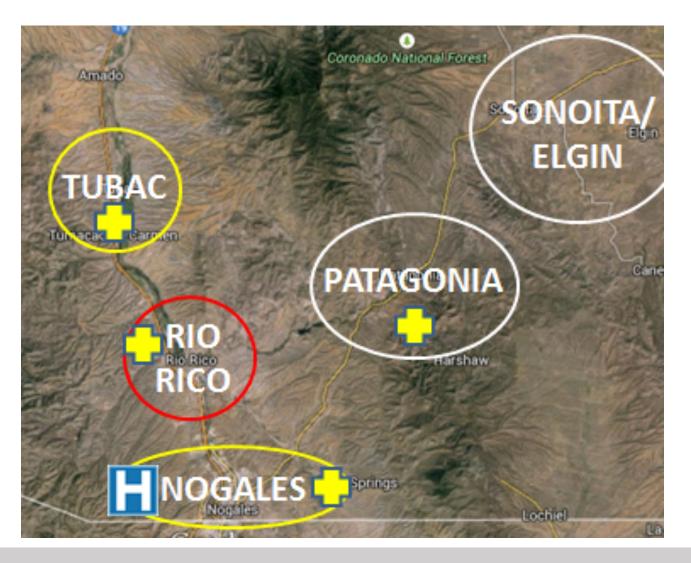
Pinal

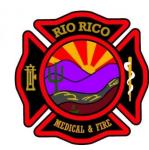
Pima

Coconino





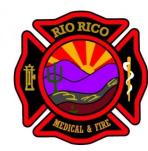


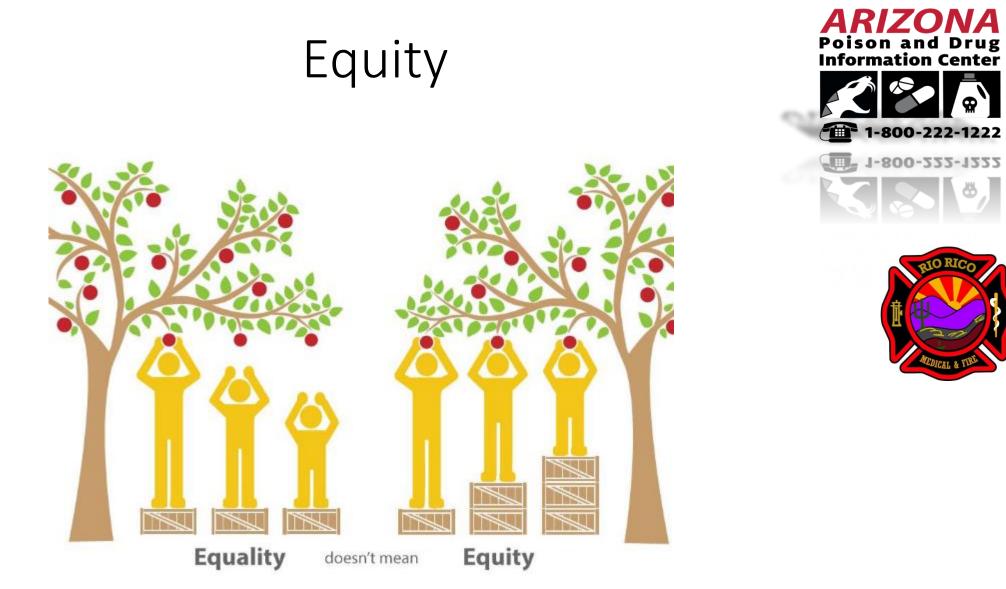


Shared Objectives

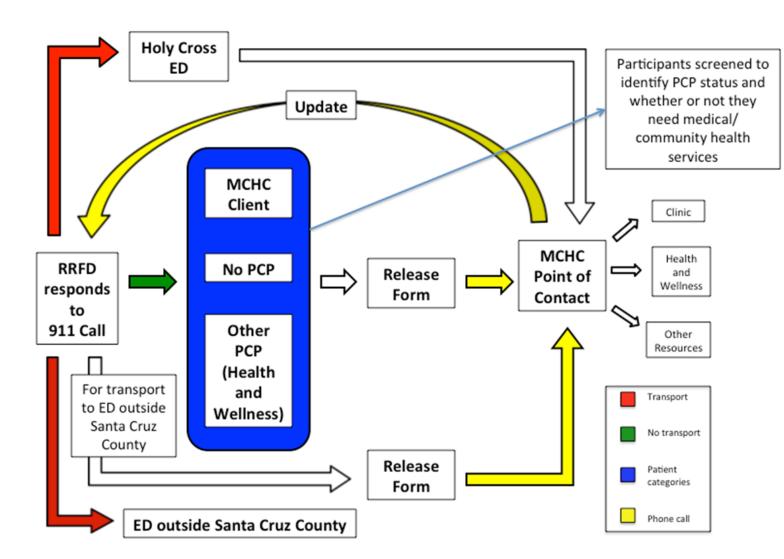
- ↑ Participants adhering to **R** by 50%
- \downarrow Participant 911 calls for falls at home by 50%
- Achieve Participant satisfaction rate ≥ 95%
- ↑ Participants with PCP by 50%
- \downarrow Participant low acuity ED transports by 50%
- \downarrow Participant hospital readmissions by 50%
- Realize \$ savings across system of care







Resources: https://publichealthatpenn.wordpress.com/2015/03/18/health-equity-a-dream-or-an-achievable-goal/ https://youtu.be/ZPVwgnp3dAc

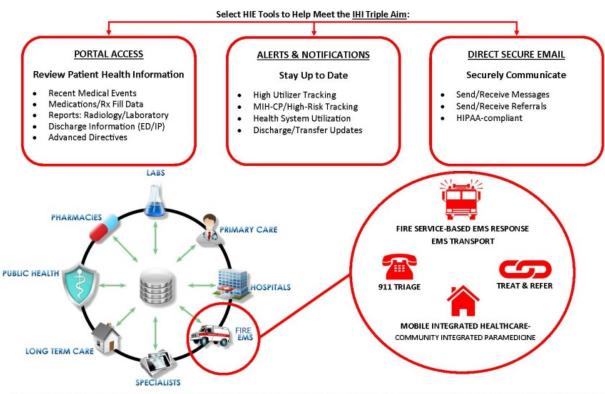






Fire Service/Emergency Medical Services (EMS) & the Health Information Exchange (HIE)

Through connection to the HIE, fire-service based and other EMS providers may strengthen health system partnerships to transform the way patient care is delivered. HIE tools support fostering increased communication among providers and patients, improving the ability to access and analyze information, and reducing healthcare costs.



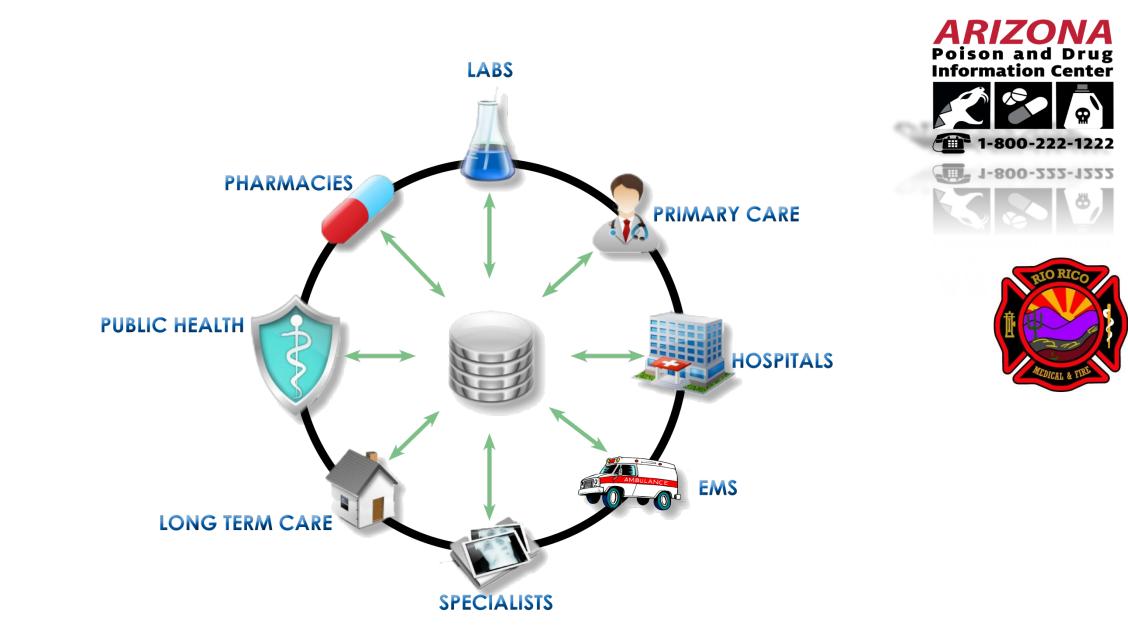
Arizona Health-e Connection is a public-private partnership that improves health and wellness by advancing secure and private sharing of electronic health information. A statewide non-profit, AzHeC drives the adoption and optimization of health information technology (HIT) and health information exchange (HIE). Contact the Arizona Health-e Connection: 602.688.7200 | info@azhec.org | azhec.org

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Active Medications		
MEDICATION	SIG	START/STOP
AmLODIPine Besylate 5 MG Oral Tablet	5mg 1x day	12/01/16 -
Aspirin 81 MG Oral Tablet Chewable	81mg, 1 tablet every morning (heart/blood thinner) Prescriber: John Knoblock	-
Doxazosin Mesylate 4 MG Oral Tablet	4mg 1x day	12/01/16 -
Furosemide 40 MG Oral Tablet	40MG 1x at night as needed (diuretic). Prescriber: Gloria Acosta	-
Losartan Potassium 100 MG Oral Tablet	100mg 1x day	12/01/16 -
Nebivolol HCl (Bystolic) 10 MG Oral Tablet	2 tablets, 1x daily for blood pressure. Prescriber: Nikila Kumer	-
Nitroglycerin (Nitrostat) 0.4 MG Sublingual Tablet Sublingual	0.4mg	12/01/16 -
Omeprazole 10 MG Oral Capsule Delayed Release	20mg, 1-2x a day (esophagus/heart burn) Prescriber: Nathan Kellis	03/23/16 -

					ARIZONA Poison and Drug Information Center
Arizona Health-e	Advanced Filter: Patients				Information Center
Connection The Network	Search Type 🛛 🔘 My Pa	atients 💿 All Patients		Clear Search Criteria	
Patients	Search Requirements: • First Name and Last	Name and Date of Birth			1-800-222-1222
	Reason For Search				1-800-222-1222
Patient Actions	Search Reason*			T	
	Demographic Search				
	Last Name*		Gender	•	RIO RICO
	First Name*		Date of Birth*		†
	Street 1		Street 2		
	City		State		MEDICAL & FIRE
•	Country		ZIP Code		
	Identifier Search				
	Patient Alias	•	Insurance Plan ID		
	Phone Number				
reculte	Results 100 •			Submit Cancel	

Clinical Pharmacist Interaction

- Training
- Focus of a Pharmacist
- Review and recommendations
- Types of issues encountered
- Barriers encountered





Training

- Provided CHIPP personnel training about medications used for chronic diseases
 - Diabetes
 - CHF
 - HTN
 - Recent MI
 - COPD/Asthma
- Lecture format part of the developed training curriculum
- Focus on medication specific information and disease related information



Focus of a Pharmacist

- Adherence/Non-Adherence
 - Omission of doses
 - Taking in a way other than prescribed
 - Taking more
 - Feel better and then quit taking
- Estimated non-adherence rates range from 25-50%
- Estimated to cost \$100-300 billion of avoidable health care costs due to non-adherence





Reasons for Non-Adherence

- It's complicated!
- Side effects
- Cost
- Unintentional (forget, did not get new info)
- Pharmacist works to try to identify and remove barriers





Review and Recommendations

- Compare to patient, pharmacy, providers
- Look to resolve discrepancies and adherence issues
- Drug therapy recommendations to providers
- Follow up with the patients/education about drug and disease states
- Ongoing, not just a one time review





Types of Issues

- Compliance and adherence
- Recommended change in therapy to avoid drug related side effects (FALLS)
- Regimen changes for polypharmacy
- Provide help for increasing adherence
- Recommending non-drug therapies
 - Nutrition
 - Balance/PT
 - Exercise
 - Sleep Hygiene
- Recommending coordination of medication services





Barriers Encountered

- Very passive approach to recommendations
- Interval of visits does not allow time to see changes
- Hard to attribute pharmacy involvement directly to outcomes





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Questions?





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Who?	Email:	Phone:
Keith Boesen	boesen@pharmacy.arizona.edu	520.626.6230
Kelly Boesen	kboesen@me.com	520.626.6230
Matt Eckhoff	meckhoff@rioricofire.org	520.761.0104